**INTERNATIONAL LAWS**

There have been several international organizations &agreements playing a role in enhancing food safety, quality &security etc.

**Codex Alimentarius Commission –**

**FAO &WHO** jointly established the food standard programme & adopted the status of the CAC. The body responsible for completing the standards, code of practice, guideline &recommendations that constitute the Cordex Alimentarius. This is an international food code. It creates standards that protect consumer, ensuring fair practices in the sale of food &trade, food control administration & traders.

Codex India – It is the national codex contact point (NCCP).It act as a link between the codex secretariat &Indian member body, coordinate all codex activity in India, receive all text & working documents, and promote codex activities throughout India.

WTO – World Trade organizations begin in 1995.It is the youngest organization. Few benefits of it are –

* The system helps to promote peace.
* Rules make life easier for all.
* More choice of product & quality
* Trade rises income
* Trade stimulates economic growth
* The basic principal makes life more efficient.

They cover good services & spade the principals of liberalization.

ISO – International Organization for standardization is a worldwide federation for national standerds.ISO is a non government organization established in 1947. The mission of ISO is to promote the development of standardization &related activities in the world with a view to facilitate the international exchange of goods & services ,& to develop cooperation with technological &economical activity.

ISO 9000 is concern with quality management

ISO 14000 is concern with environmental management.

FAO – Food &Agricultural organization - It is founded in 1945with a rise level of nutrition & standard of leaving. Now it is a leading agency of to collect, analyzed, interpret the information related to nutrition agriculture, forestry, fisheries & rural development.

WHO – World Health Organization – It is established on 7th April 1948.To set the objectives of highest positive level of health. The main functions are as follows:

* Articulating ethical & evidence based policy.
* Managing information by assessing trends & comparing performances related to development.
* Changes through technical & policy support
* Negotiating & sustaining national & global partnership.
* Monitoring the validity on proper purchase & standard.
* Development new technology, tools & guide lines in health care management.